The Bill of Rights

- <u>Amendment One</u> guarantees freedom of religion, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom for people to get together peacefully, and freedom for people to send petitions to their government.
- <u>Amendment Two</u> states that in order to have a prepared military, people are guaranteed the right to keep and bear arms.
- <u>Amendment Three</u> states that the government cannot force people to house and feed soldiers in their homes during times of peace.
- <u>Amendment Four</u> states that people, their homes and their belongings are protected from unreasonable searches of seizures.
- <u>Amendment Five</u> guarantees a person accused of a serious crime the right to be charged by a grand jury. It also states that people can-not be forced to give evidence against themselves. If a person is found not guilty of a crime, he/she cannot be put on trial for the same crime again. Finally, the federal government cannot unfairly take peoples' lives, freedom, or property.
- <u>Amendment Six</u> guarantees a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury if a person is accused of a crime. The accused person also has the right to be told what they are accused of and they have the right to a lawyer. They also have the right to see and to question those people who have accused them of the crime.
- <u>Amendment Seven</u> guarantees a trial by jury in civil cases.
- <u>Amendment Eight</u> says that courts cannot use cruel or unusual punishment or set bail and fines that are too high.
- <u>Amendment Nine</u> states that the people have other rights that are not stated here.
- <u>Amendment Ten</u> states that the people have all the rights not given to the United States government or forbidden to state governments by the U.S. Constitution.